# Microsoft® Research FacultySummit 2011

Cartagena, Colombia | May 18-20 | In partnership with COLCIENCIAS

## Microsoft® Research FacultySummit 2011

Cartagena, Colombia | May 18-20 | In partnership with COLCIENCIAS

ANURA: Sensor Networks for Classifying and Monitoring Frogs Based on Their Vocalizations Eduardo Freire Nakamura Assistant Professor, FUCAPI and UFAM, Brazil

#### Main Research Challenges

- Grand aligned challenges
  - Ubiquitous Computing<sup>1</sup>
  - Biological Diversity and Ecosystem Functioning<sup>2</sup>
- We need to understand the Earth's physical systems
  - Climates, geology, hydrology, ...
- The rainforest is a key environment
  - Let's start with the Amazon forest

<sup>1</sup> Computing Research Association. Grand Challenges in Computer Research, 2002.
<sup>2</sup> National Academy of Sciences, Grand Challenges in Environmental Sciences, 2001.



#### Key Problems

- An environment of extremes
  - Relative humidity: 70-90%
  - Temperature: 64-122 °F
  - Huge area, limited accessibility
- Additional challenges to WSNs
- Ecological issues
- Where should we start?



#### The Anura Project

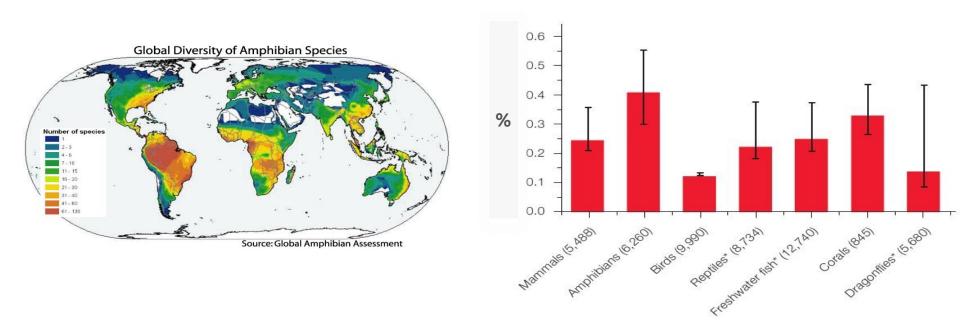
• ANURA: Sensor Networks for Classifying and Monitoring Frogs Based on Their Vocalizations as an Early Indicator for Ecological Stress in Rain Forests



- Financial Support
  - LACCIR Microsoft
  - PRONEX FAPEAM/CNPq (Brazil)

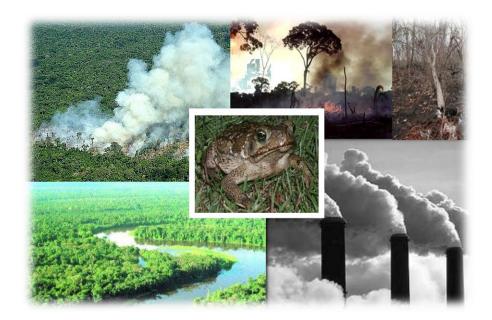
#### Motivation

- Amphibians are very sensitive to changes (Carey et al., 2001)
  - Climate changes, deforestation, water contamination...



#### Motivation

- Anura (Frogs and Toads)
  - Closely related to the ecosystem (Alexander & Eischeid, 2001)
  - Fairly easy to be monitored



### Our Approach



## First Steps



#### **Initial Dataset**

Species	Individuals
Hylaedactylus	8
Rhinella granulosa	3
Adenomera andreae	8
Ameerega trivittata	5
Hyla minuta	11
Hypsiboas cinerascens	2
Leptodactylus fuscus	4
Osteocephalus oophagus	4
Scinax ruber	4
Total	49

#### An Example: Adenomera Andreae

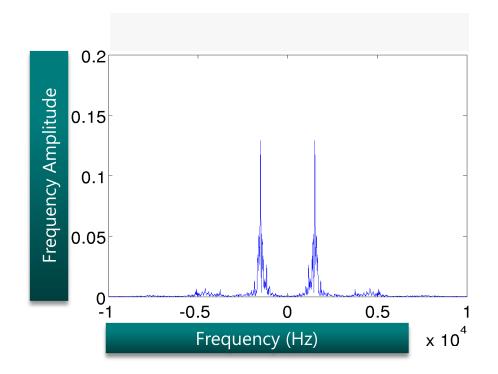


## **Other Species**



#### **Feature Extraction**

- Features being used
  - (R) Zero Crossing Rate
  - (S) Spectral Centroid
  - (B) Bandwidth
  - MFCCs (Mel-Fourier Cepstral Coefficients)



#### First Results (Sucess Rate)

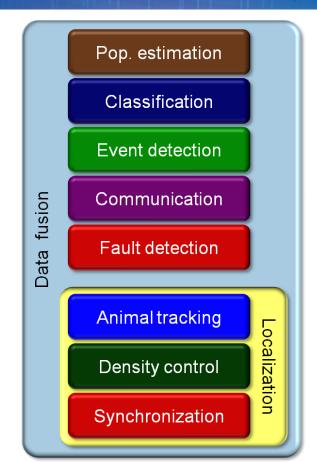
	5-NN		10-NN			
Features Used for Classification	α = 0.4	α = 0.5	α = 0.6	α = 0.4	α = 0.5	α = 0.6
MFCC (human method)	97.07%	97.12%	97.17%	96.45%	97.02%	96.77%
RSB (anura method)	87.98%	89.83%	91.39%	87.93%	90.21%	91.06%
R & MFCC (human, anura methods)	97.27%	97.40%	97.30%	96.79%	97.27%	96.86%
S & MFCC (human, anura methods)	98.10%	98.14%	98.22%	97.59%	97.77%	97.86%
B & MFCC (human, anura methods)	97.75%	97.91%	97.80%	96.99%	97.35%	97.19%
RSB & MFCC (human, anura methods)	98.41%	98.53%	98.43%	97.89%	97.95%	97.89%

## A Key Problem: Communication Efficiency



#### Contributions to CS

- Make it work in the forest
- Counting is too difficult
  - Measure the vocal activity
- Current contribution
  - Event detection and tracking
  - Communication protocols
  - Fault detection
  - Localization



#### **Final Comments: Our Contribution**



#### Acknowledgement

- Our Research Network
  - Prof. Eduardo Nakamura (FUCAPI/UFAM, Brazil)
  - Prof. Edgar Vallejo (ITESM, Mexico)
  - Prof. Antonio Loureiro (UFMG, Brazil)
  - Prof. Alejandro Frery (UFAL, Brazil)
- Our Local Team

...

- Prof. Eulanda dos Santos (UFAM)
- Prof. Fabíola Nakamura (UFAM)
- Prof. Horácio Oliveira (UFAM)
- Prof. Marcelo Gordo (UFAM)
- Prof. Maurício Figueiredo (FUCAPI)
- Ph.D. Student Efren Souza (UFAM)
- M.Sc. Student Juan Colonna (UFAM)
- M.Sc. Student Andre Campos (UFAM)
- M.Sc. Student Antonio Ramos (FUCAPI)
- M.Sc. Student Afonso Ribas (FUCAPI)











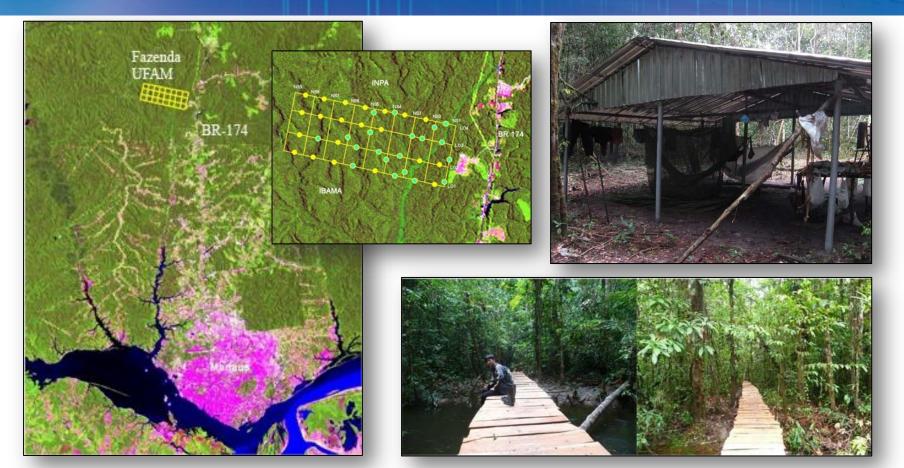


#### Thank You



## Questions?

## Site For "Long-term" Monitoring



#### Monitoring the Bare-Faced Tamarin



#### **Monitoring Forest Fire**

- Amazon
  - Fire of 30cm
  - Fire in line
  - Up to 40% of species are affected
- Satellite
  - Delay
  - Granularity
- Sensor Networks
  - Realtime
  - Cheaper Technology
  - Hard deployement



## **Microsoft**<sup>®</sup>

© 2010 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Microsoft, Windows, Windows Vista and other product names are or may be registered trademarks and/or trademarks in the U.S. and/or other countries.

The information herein is for informational purposes only and represents the current view of Microsoft Corporation as of the date of this presentation. Because Microsoft must respond to changing market conditions, it should not be interpreted to be a commitment on the part of Microsoft, and Microsoft and Microsoft any information provided after the date of this presentation.

MICROSOFT MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, AS TO THE INFORMATION IN THIS PRESENTATION.