

Problem

- Utilize reconstructed **3D models** for landmark recognition
- **Design effective representation of 3D points** in 3D models
- Identify occurrences of 3D points from images

Limitations of existing solutions

Image-to-Image Matching

- Sensitive to noises in DB images
- Lacking robustness to full projective transformations
- Relying on geometric verification

3D-to-2D / 2D-to-3D Matching

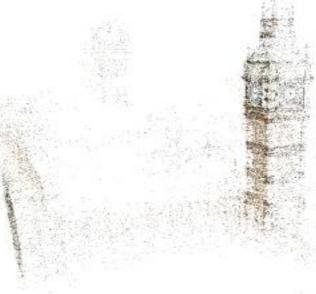
- Utilizing appearance of individual 3D points but ignoring geometric structure among them
- Relying on geometric verification

Our solution

Discover 3D Visual Phrases (3DVP) from a 3D point cloud **Describe** appearance and geometric structure of 3DVPs **Detect** 3DVPs to identify landmarks in 2D images



Arc de Triomphe

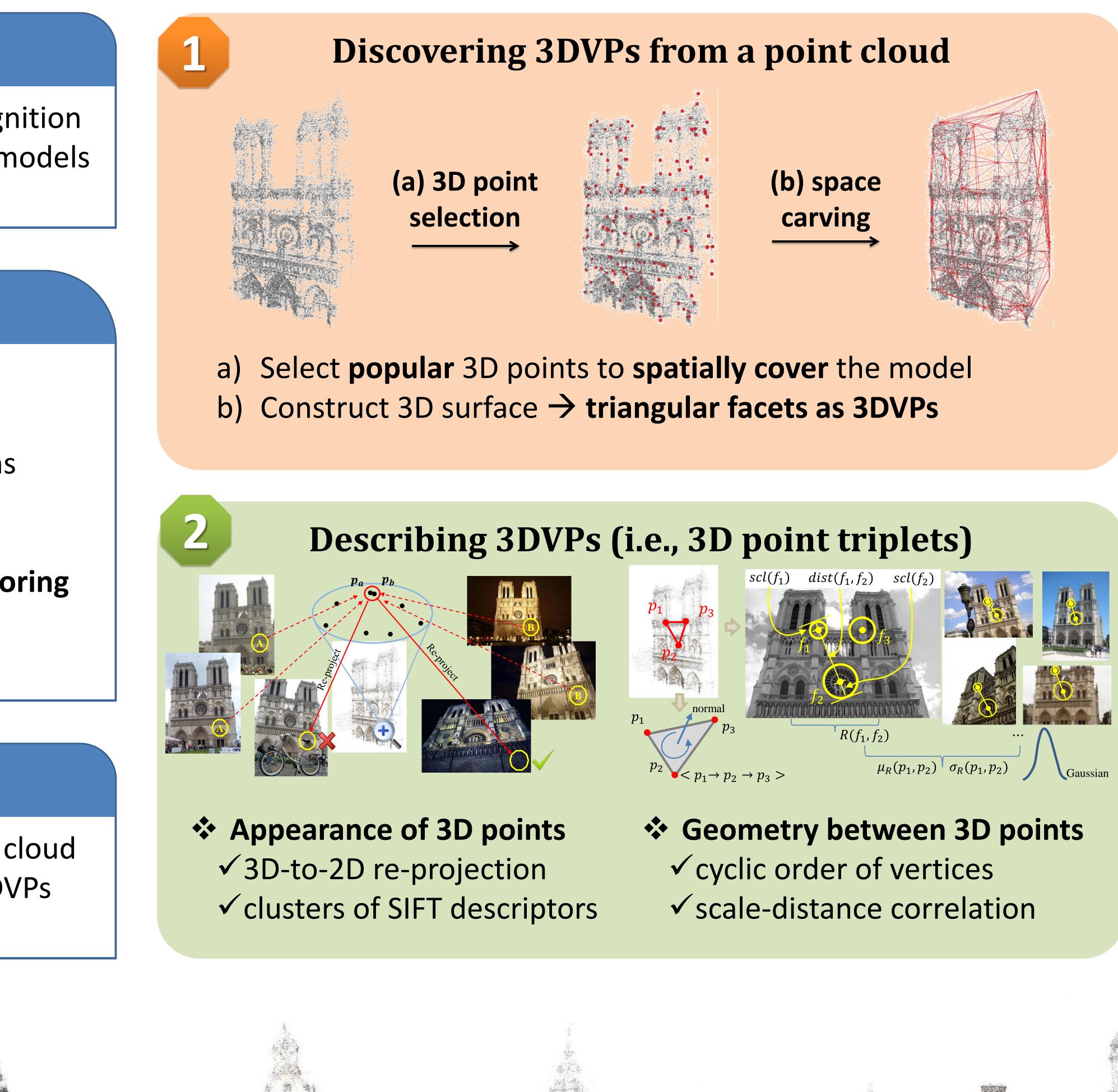


Big Ben

Church of Tyn

3D Visual Phrases for Landmark Recognition

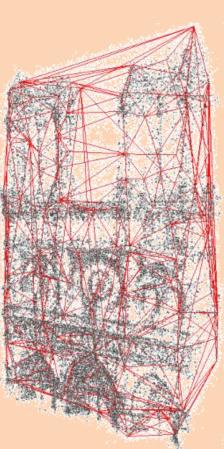
Qiang Hao, Rui Cai, Zhiwei Li, Lei Zhang, Yanwei Pang, Feng Wu

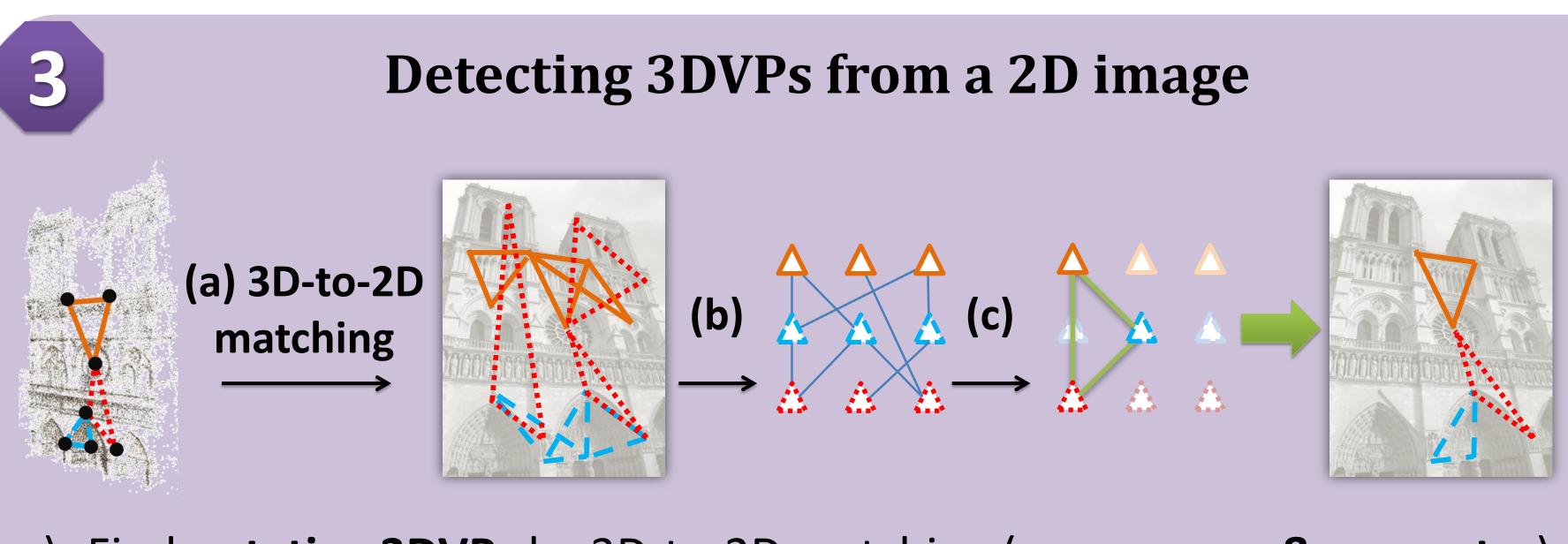




Independence Hall

册





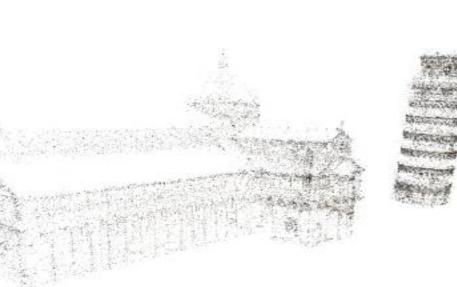
a) Find **putative 3DVPs** by 3D-to-2D matching (**appearance & geometry**) b) Construct a graph over putative 3DVPs (by linking non-conflicting pairs) c) Identify 3DVPs by finding maximal cliques from the graph

Dataset

- In 10 landmarks, each with ~1.5K DB images + 200 test images
- Negative test images from Oxford5K dataset

	Matching (2D-to-2D / 3D-to-2D)				Matching + Geometric Verification			
	Bow	2DVP	P2F	3DVP	Bow	2DVP	P2F	3DVP
Ρ	0.11	0.39	0.59	0.94	0.22	0.85	1.00	1.00
R	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.88	0.80	0.74	0.63	0.70
F	0.19	0.55	0.71	0.91	0.35	0.79	0.78	0.83

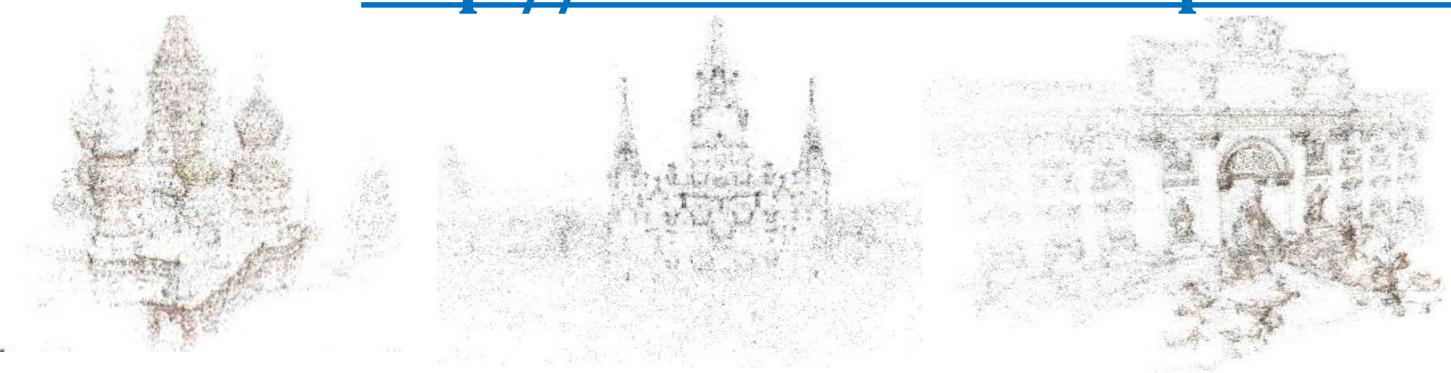
Dataset available at <u>http://landmark3d.codeplex.com</u>



Leaning Tower of Pisa



Notre Dame de Paris



St. Basil's Cathedral

Microsoft^{*} Research

Evaluation

Overall performance (averaged over 10 landmarks)

3DVP boosts Precision & F-score, even WITHOUT geometric verification

St. Louis Cathedral

Trevi Fountain