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### Network Basics:

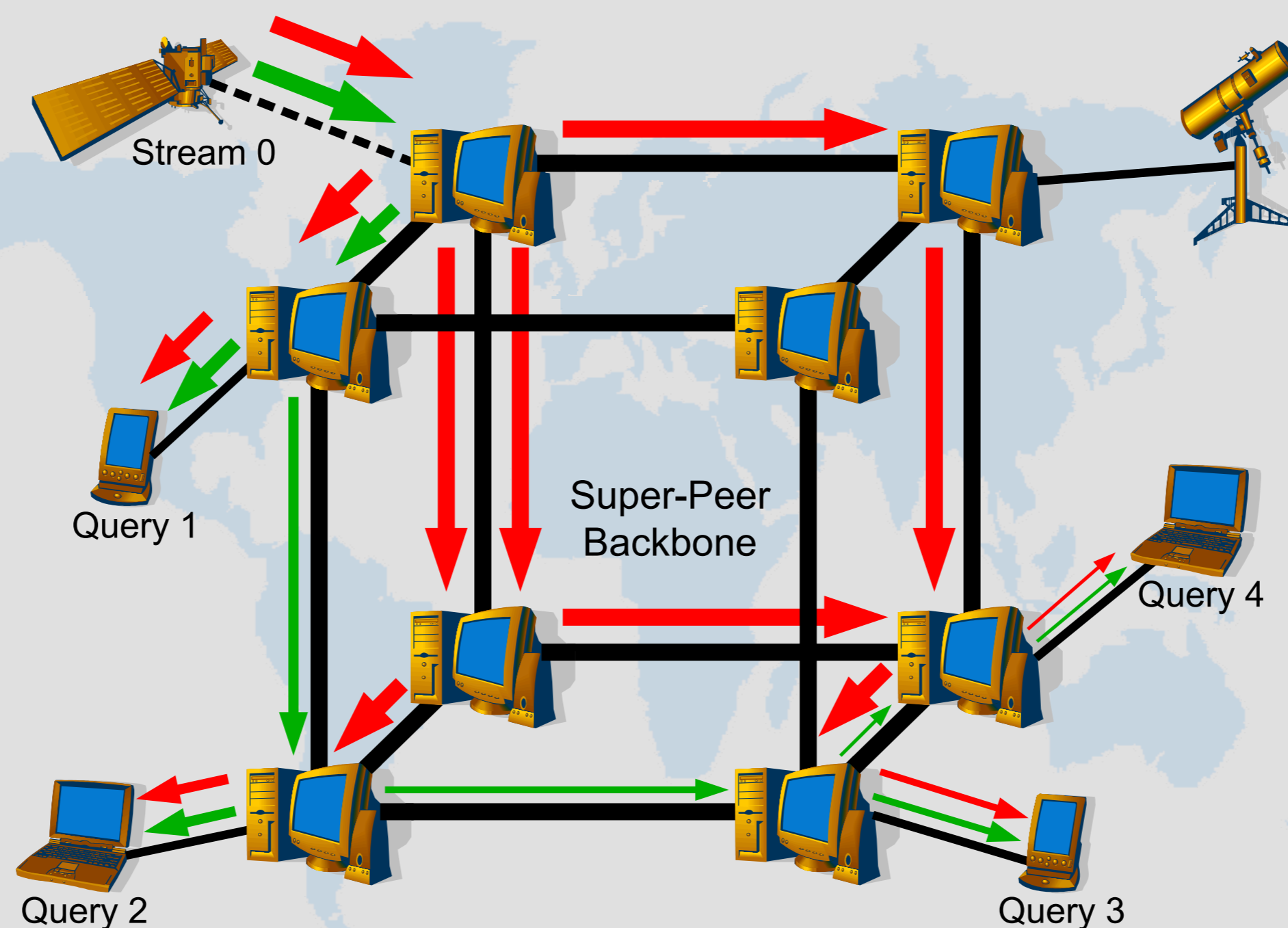
- Grid-based P2P network
- Super-Peer Backbone
- Super-Peers: Powerful stationary servers
- Thin-Peers: Less powerful, possibly mobile peers, sensor devices, etc.

### Deficiencies of traditional approach:

- Redundant transmission of data streams
- Redundant execution of stream transforming operators
- Transmission of unnecessary data

- ⇒ Increased network traffic
- ⇒ Increased peer load

### Publish & Subscribe in a P2P Network



### StreamGlobe Basics:

- StreamGlobe: Distributed Data Stream Management System (DSMS)
- Super-Peers process and route data streams
- Thin-Peers publish and subscribe to data streams

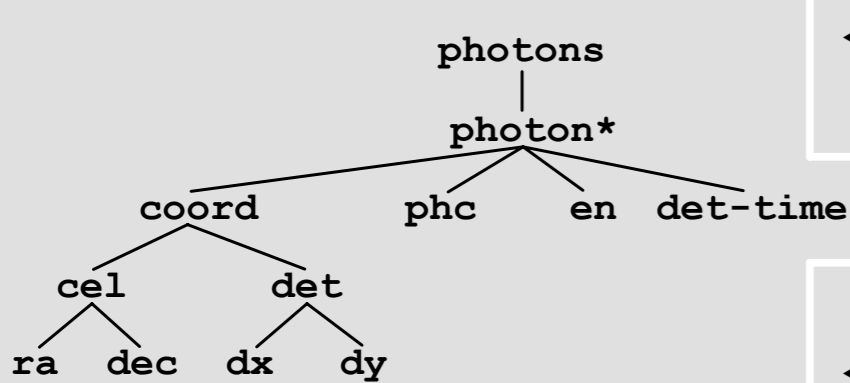
### Benefits of StreamGlobe approach:

- Stream sharing avoids redundant stream transmission
- Sharing computational results avoids redundant computation
- Early filtering and aggregation avoid unnecessary data transmission

- ⇒ Reduced network traffic
- ⇒ Reduced peer load

### WXQuery Subscription Language

#### Example Stream DTD:



#### Example Query 1:

```
<photons>
  for $p in stream("photons")/photons/photon
  where $p/phc < 150
  return
    <photon>
      { $p/phc } { $p/en }
    </photon>
</photons>
```

#### WXQuery Subscription Language:

- Operates on XML data streams and persistent XML data
- Based on XQuery
- Supports time-based and item-based data windows
- Query processing with Flux: An efficient, buffer-aware query engine for streaming XML data

#### Example Query 2:

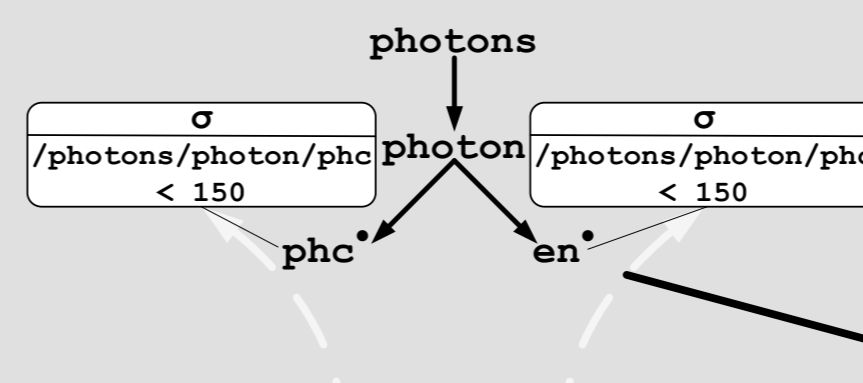
```
<photons>
  for $p in stream("photons")/photons/photon
  return
    if ($p/phc > 100 and $p/phc <= 200) then
      <photon>
        { $p/coord } { $p/phc } { $p/en }
      </photon>
    else
      <photon>
        { $p/coord }
      </photon>
</photons>
```

#### Example Aggregation Query:

```
<photons>
  for $w in stream("photons")/photons/photon|det_time diff 20 step 10|
  let $a := avg($w/en)
  return
    <avg_en> { $a } </avg_en>
</photons>
```

### Representing and Merging Query and Stream Properties

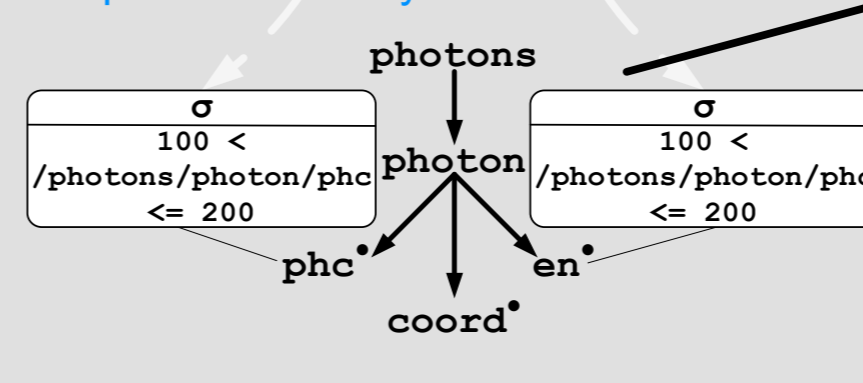
#### Properties of Query 1:



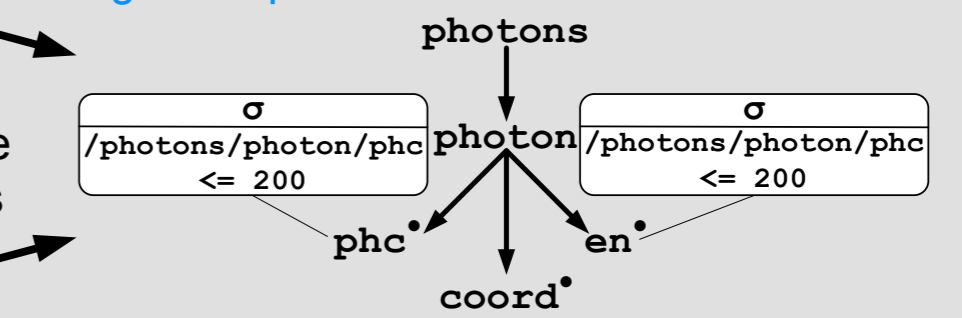
#### Properties Data Structure:

- Annotated tree
- Tree reflects structural properties
- Annotations reflect content-based properties

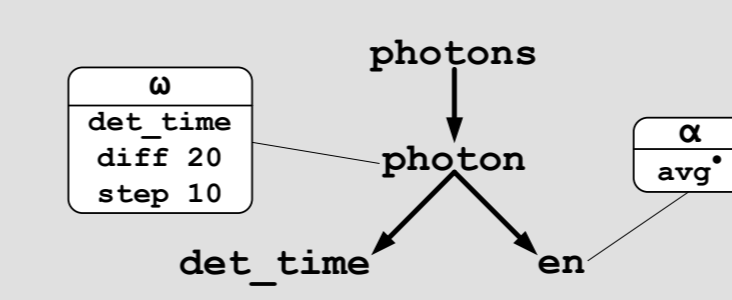
#### Properties of Query 2:



#### Merged Properties of Queries 1 and 2:



#### Properties of Aggregation Query:



#### Abstract Properties Approach:

- Treat queries and streams symmetrically
- Represent both internally using the same properties data structure
- Properties reflect relevant aspects for query optimization using in-network query processing and multi-subscription optimization

#### Merging Properties:

- Necessary for generating data streams that can be used to satisfy multiple queries
- Requires predicate matching strategy

### Predicate Matching and Evaluation

#### Example Predicates:

- Stream Predicate p1:**  
 $(a \geq 3) \wedge (a \leq 12) \wedge (b \geq 0) \wedge (b \leq 5) \vee$   
 $(a \geq 9) \wedge (a \leq 14) \wedge (b \geq 2) \wedge (b \leq 8) \vee$   
 $(a \geq 0) \wedge (a \leq 5) \wedge (b \geq 3) \wedge (b \leq 6)$

- Query Predicate p2:**  
 $(a \geq 1) \wedge (a \leq 8) \wedge (b \geq 2) \wedge (b \leq 4)$

#### Predicate Matching Algorithms:

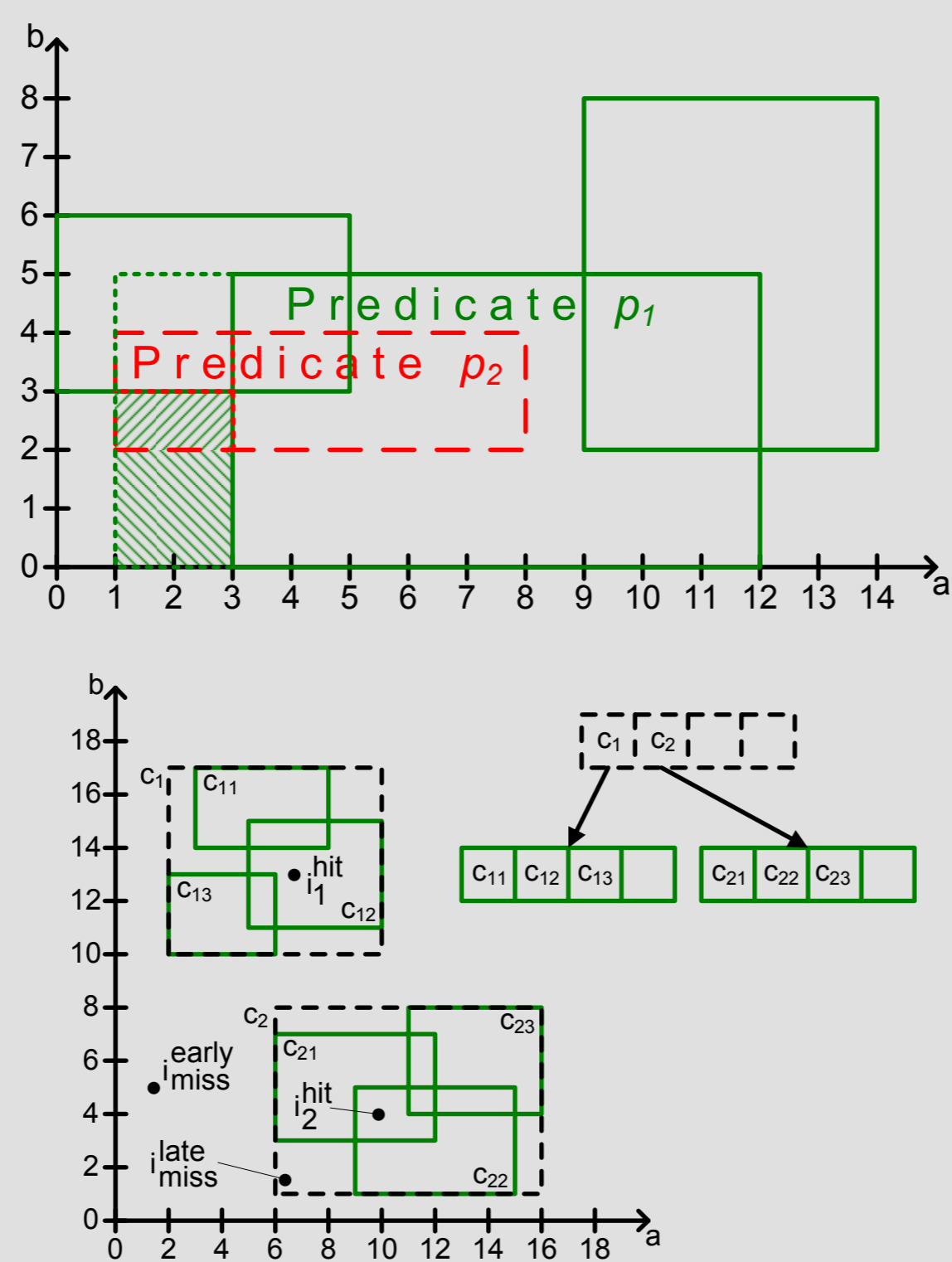
- Quick Check (QC)
- Heuristics with Simple Relaxation (HSR)
- Heuristics with Complex Relaxation (HCR)
- Exact Matching (EM)

#### Predicate Evaluation Algorithms:

- Standard Evaluation (SE)
- Index-based Evaluation (IE)

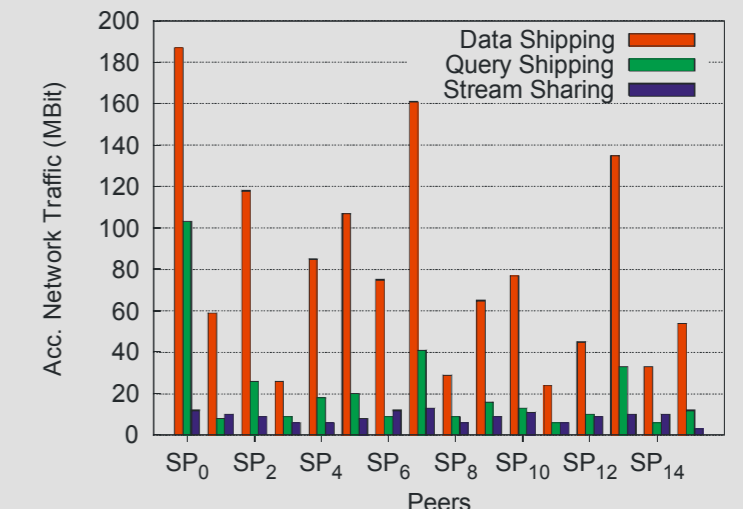
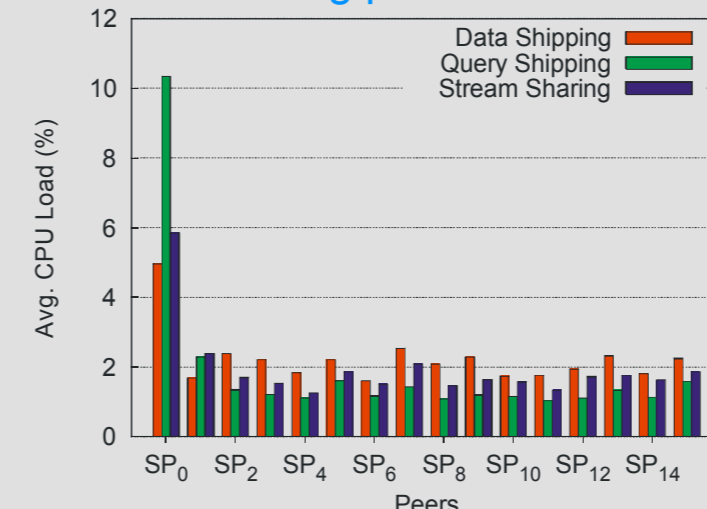
#### Optimization:

- Multi-dimensional index support (I) for predicate matching and evaluation
- Improve performance of evaluation index through short-circuiting (SC)

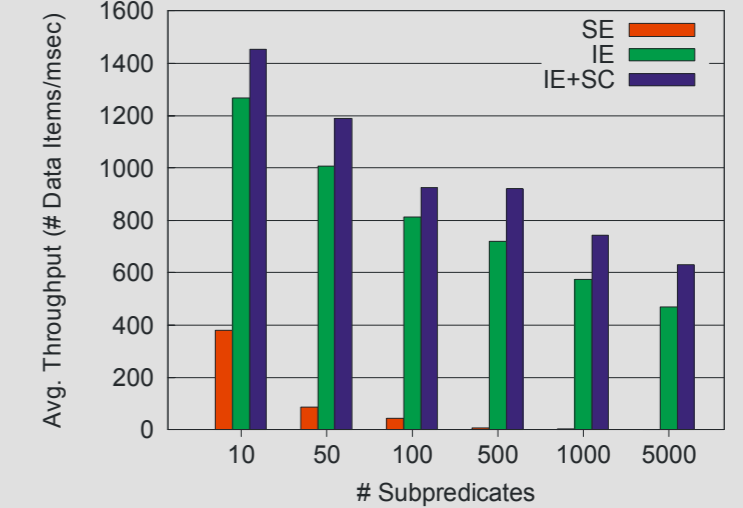
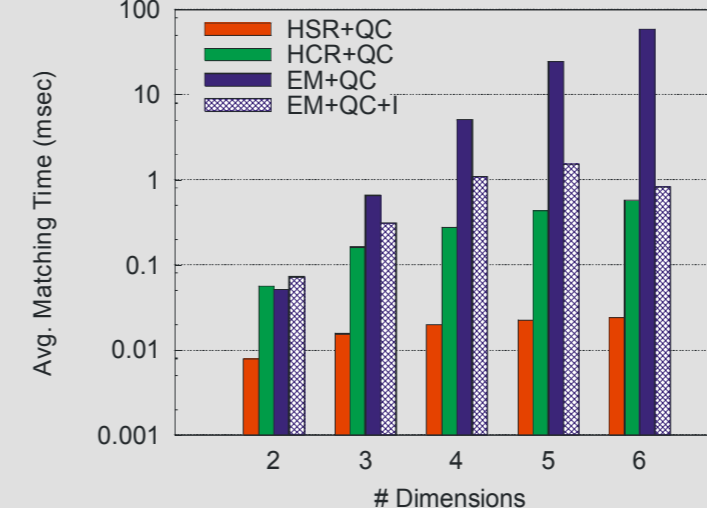


### Results / Ongoing and Future Work

#### Data Stream Sharing proves to be beneficial:



#### Predicate Matching and Evaluation Results:



#### Ongoing Work:

- Implementation and evaluation of an advanced Data Stream Sharing technique including Data Stream Widening/Narrowing through merging properties structures

#### Future Work:

- Hierarchical or fully distributed network architecture to address scalability
- Dynamic optimization
- Specialized multi-dimensional index structure for predicate matching and evaluation