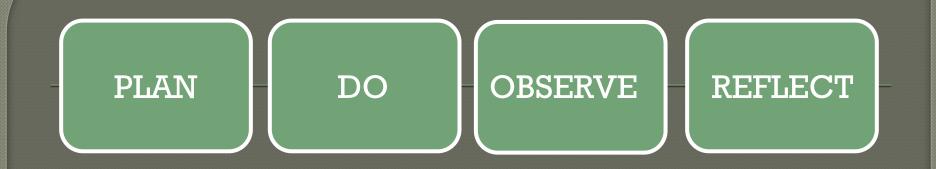
Ethnography literally means to 'write or represent a culture'.

Ethnography is traditionally based on long-term engagement in the field of study, or 'field site.



Planning <u>Rese</u>arch Conducting Research = Collecting and Documenting Data

Organizing Coding Analyzing

Final Output

Social Mapping and Contextualising

Researching Cyber cafés ...

Why the topic?
Framework?
Theory?
Which café ?
How to do it?

Focus on the Cyber Café Owner...

Supposing you are researching cyber cafés ... what should you research?

- Study its social geography: Observe its location
-an ethnographic approach implies that we should look at the big picture before getting down to the specifics
- What is it doing in that place? The kinds of communication and information activities they do (or want to) carry out
- Who is the stake holder? What is the business plan?
- The resources s/he needs and garners to run the café

Going about ...

- Avoid the singlemethod solution Match the method to the available human resources Match the method to the type of data needed by the stakeholders
- Observations inside the café
- Context Surveys
 - Business Model
 - Clientele
- Personal Profile
 - Semi-structured
 - Depth interview

Reformulating Research: The study of Cyber Cafés in Urban Maharashtra and Mumbai

- Your Big QuestionHow do Cyber cafés survive?
 - Business Model
 - Types of services
 - Nature of Clientele

Do the data collection...

- ⊙<u>Survey</u>
- Semi-structured interview
- <u>The Interview</u>

Data House-Keeping

⊙<u>In a nutshell...</u>

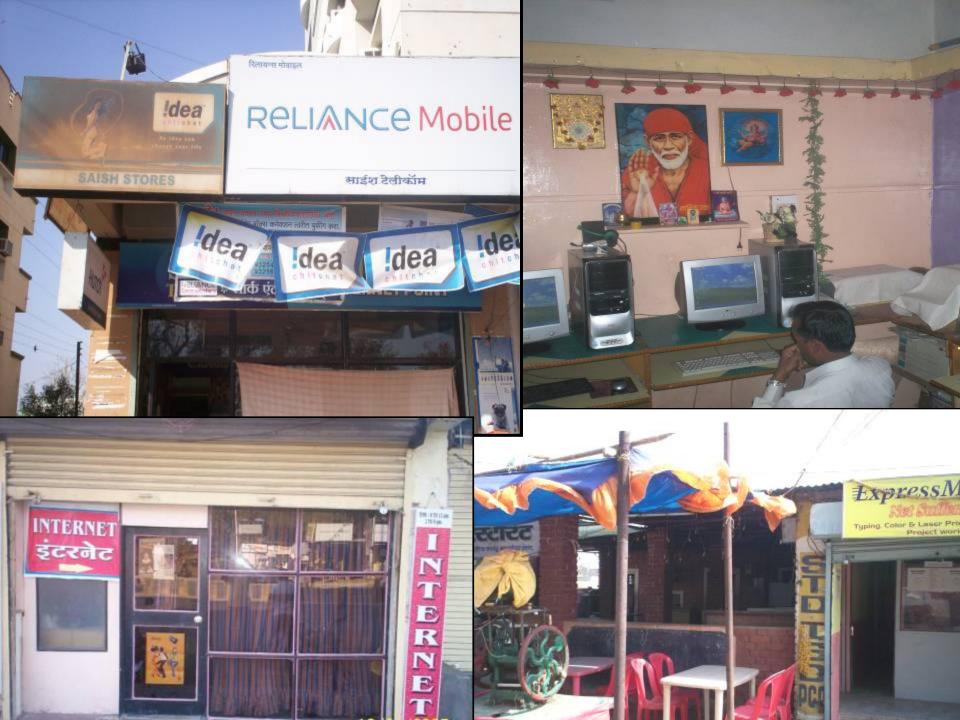
Matrices...

• Emerging themes and Coding...



Coding with Software
Coding while Scripting
Coding with Colors
Colour Codes





Research and Evaluation : The Ethnographic Action Research Approach *Jo Tacchi, Don Slater and Greg Hearn*

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